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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/751,444	01/06/2004	Masahiro Kubota	M1071.1886	2577
7590 06/23/2005			EXAMINER	
DICKSTEIN SHAPIRO MORIN & OSHINSKY LLP			CHU, JOHN S Y	
Edward A. Meil	man			
41st Floor			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1177 Avenue of the Americas			1752	
New York, NY 10036-2714			DATE MAILED: 06/23/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	<u> </u>
,	10/751,444	KUBOTA, MASAHI	IRO
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
•	John S. Chu	1752	1
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence add	iress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replif NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a poly within the statutory minimum of the statutory minimu	a reply be timely filed  irty (30) days will be considered timely  INTHS from the mailing date of this co.  ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. & 133)	mmunication.
Status			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 A	April 2005.		•
	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowed		tters, prosecution as to the	merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under		•	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application	2		
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>9-20</u> is/are withdraw			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	m nom consideration.		
6) Claim(s) 1-8 is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.		
Application Papers	·		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	or.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable		hutha Evaninas	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
			D 4 40474
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E			
	starring in the diagram	d Office Action of Toffit	5-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			:
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documen</li> </ul>		§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
2. Certified copies of the priority documen		Application No.	•
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price			Stage
application from the International Burea			, ago
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		t received.	
	·		
MA-1			
Attachment(s)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	,, <u> </u>	0 (8-2 ) (8)	_
2) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date	
3) M Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08	) 5) Notice of	Informal Patent Application (PTO-	·152)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🗌 Other:	<u></u> ·	

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

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This Office action is in response to the application filed January 6, 2004 and the election received April 4, 2005.

1. Applicant's election with traverse of the invention elected in the reply filed on April 4, 2005 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the asserted use in a hologram recording or making a plasma display is a gross speculation. This is not found persuasive because a particle containing composition are known to make the plasma screens, and in addition the composition as recited can be used to make a powdered molded structure thus providing a materially different process which would require extensive consideration.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of NEBE et al (5,032,490) OGISO et al (6,727,034 and HAYASHI.

The claimed invention is drawn to the following:

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1. A photoreactive resin composition comprising:

a powdered base metal;

an organic binder;

a photosensitive organic component; and

a polycarboxylic acid-based dispersing agent with a molecular weight of about 1,500 or less.

NEBE et al '490 is cited to disclose a photosensitive copper conductive composition wherein copper particles of less than 0.5  $\mu$ m - 10  $\mu$ m as seen in column 3, lines 1-15. The composition further comprises an inorganic binder, an organic polymeric binder, a photoinitiator system and a dispersant, a stabilizer and an organic medium. The dispersant is more specifically defined to be a A-B block copolymer as described in column 7, lines 1-68 wherein Dispersant I is seen to be the following:

wherein this can be seen to be a polycarboxylic-based agent as seen by the carbonyloxy group in the middle of the structure.

NEBE et al lacks an explicitly disclosed example having the claimed molecular weight as recited in claim 1.

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OGISO et al is cited to disclose a photosensitive composition comprising finely divided powder wherein a dispersant disclosed to be used in the composition to disperse the powder uniformly in the composition. The dispersant is disclosed among other anionic surfactants to include polycarboxylic acid dispersants as useful to aid in providing a uniformly coated layer, see column 13, lines 28-32.

OGISO et al lacks the recited molecular weight of the dispersant.

HAYASHI (2002/0033565 A1) discloses the production of powder-molded body comprising a slurry containing a powder of a ceramic and/or metal in a dispersion medium. Applicants are directed to <u>page 5</u>, <u>subparagraph [0088]</u> wherein a polymaleic acid copolymer A with a tradename of Flowlen G700 (produced by Kyoeisha Chemical Co. Ltd.) is disclosed. Thus the claimed polycarboxylic acid-based dispersant is disclosed and known in the art as a dispersing agent for composition comprising particles or powdered components. The dispersant serves to provide a uniform dispersion of particles in the layer.

HAYASHI lacks a photosensitive composition.

It would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of coating composition to use known dispersing agents such as Flowlen G700 as a dispersing agent in the composition of NEBE et al '490 in place of his dispersant component and reasonably expect same or similar results with respect to having a photosensitive <u>aqueous developable</u> composition with copper conductors that is also excellent in photospeed and line resolution.

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. NEBE et al 5,047,313 and 5,032,478 are cited of interest as being cumulative to the NEBE et al '490 reference used above. Theses references all disclose a photosensitive aqueous

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developable composition having metal particles, organic binder, inorganic binders and a dispersant to aid in the uniform coating of the layer.

TOWATA et al is cited to disclose a photosensitive paste with metal particles and organic binders. The reference lacks a surfactant/dispersant as claimed.

KUBOTA is cited to the same inventive entity and cannot used as an art rejection under 335 U.S.C. 102(e) because the inventive entity is the same. Likewise the publication date prevents it from being used in a statutory bar situation. In addition no double patenting rejection exists wherein no dispersant as recited is claimed.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Chu whose telephone number is (571) 272-1329. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 9:30 am to 6:00 pm.

The fax phone number for the USPTO is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1700.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent
Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications
may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished
applications is available through Private PMR only. For more information about the PAIR

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system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

John S. Chu

Primary Examiner, Group 1700

J.Chu June 14, 2005